**Exercise 1.** Let X be a topological space. Define the suspension SX of X by

$$SX = \frac{X \times [0, 1]}{(x_1, 0) \sim (x_2, 0) \; ; \; (x_1, 1) \sim (x_2, 1) \; , \forall (x_1, x_2) \in X^2}$$

- 1) Show that suspension defines a functor Top  $\longrightarrow$  Top (ie show that maps of topological spaces induce maps on suspensions).
- 2) Show that for any topological space X and any integer  $p \ge 1$  we have  $H_p(X) = H_{p+1}(SX)$ .
- 3) Show that for all  $n \ge 0$ ,  $S\mathbb{S}^n = \mathbb{S}^{n+1}$ .
- 4) Let  $n \ge 1$ . If  $f : \mathbb{S}^n \longrightarrow \mathbb{S}^n$  is map on the *n*-sphere  $(n \ge 1)$  by the preceding question the suspension Sf is a map on the n + 1-sphere. Show that these maps have the same degree, ie

$$\deg(f) = \deg(Sf)$$

- 5) Let  $1 \leq i \leq n$  and  $f : \mathbb{S}^n \longrightarrow \mathbb{S}^n$  be the map sending  $(x_1, ..., x_i, ..., x_{n+1})$  to  $(x_1, ..., -x_i, ..., x_{n+1})$ . Show that f has degree -1.
- 6) Show that the antipodal map

has degree  $(-1)^{n+1}$ .

**Exercise 2.** In this exercise we prove that a sphere of positive even dimension cannot be given the structure of a topological group. Given a group G acting as a group of homeomorphisms of a space X, we say that G acts *freely* if the only element from G which has any fixed points is the identity element. Let g, h be two elements, unequal to the identity element, from a group G acting freely on  $\mathbb{S}^n$ , where n > 0 is even.

- (a) Prove that both g and h have degree -1.
- (b) Prove that gh is the identity element.
- (c) Conclude that G is either  $\mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z}$  or the trivial group.
- (d) Prove that  $\mathbb{S}^n$  is not a topological group.